Decreasing Documentation Burden for Nurses in Electronic Health Records using Macros

Jill Cox PhD, RN, APN-C, CWOCN, FAAN; Mary Ellen Pietrewicz, DNP, RNC-MNN; Theresa Chun, BSN, RN

Sara Wagner, BSN,RN-OB, NI-BC; Kathy Kaminsky, MSN,RN, NE-BC

Background

Studies indicate that electronic health records (EHR) increase documentation time, can be burdensome for nurses and contribute to decreased job satisfaction and burnout.

A growing need has been recognized to address inefficiencies in EHR documentation to reduce documentation burden and to allow for time for other clinical activities

The American Nurses Association and the American Academy of Nursing both call for the standardization of documentation with emphasis on work flow designs to decrease duplicative documentation for nurses.

Macros are computerized input sequences that provide documentation short cuts for nurses when selecting appropriate assessment parameters for the patient.

Methods

Purpose: to determine if the introduction of documentation Macros into EHR physical assessment flowsheets will decrease documentation time and improve nursing satisfaction with documentation.

Study Design: pre/post intervention design

Inclusion Criteria

Documentation time analysis: Nurses employed in Mother Baby area Full Time or Part-Time and who worked at least 80% of the assigned hours in both the pre-intervention and post-intervention timeframes.

Survey Analysis: Any RN working in the MCH area were eligible to take the survey.

Exclusion Criteria

- Nurses not employed as regular staff on the Mother Baby Units or are employed in per diem status.
- Mother Baby Nurses who do not meet the 80% hours worked during either the pre or post-intervention timeframes

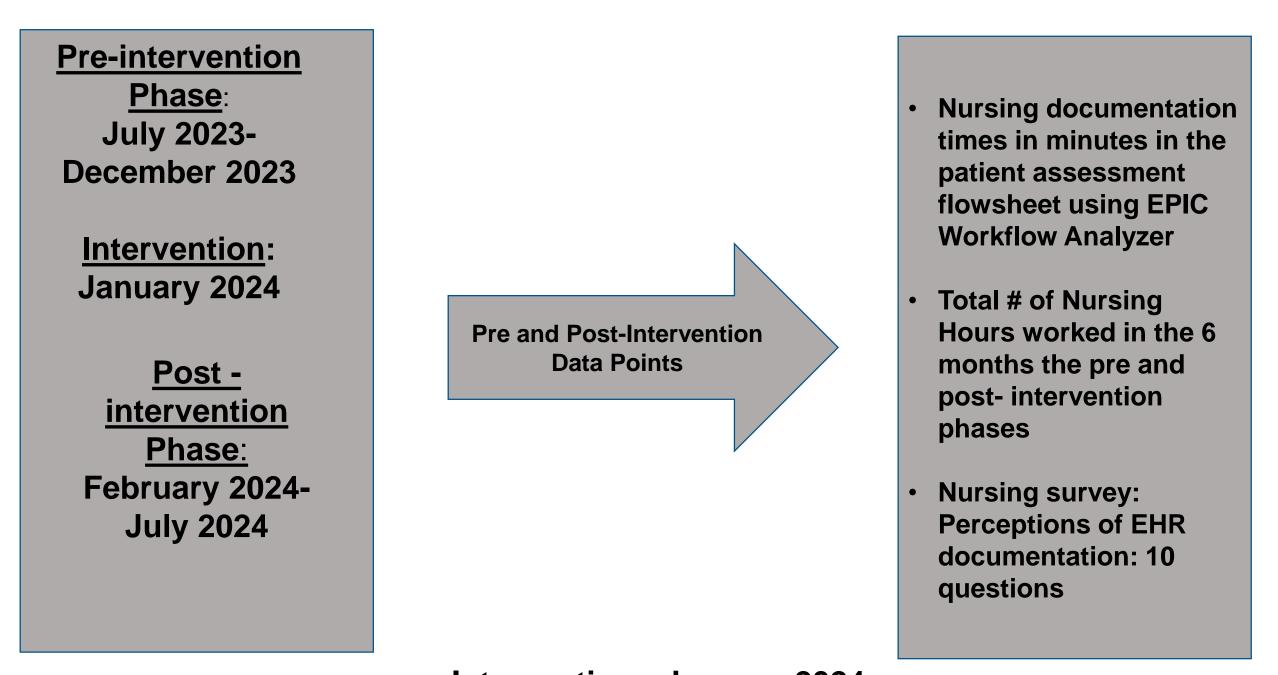
Sample: 23 nurses were included in the documentation time analysis 47 nurses completed the pre-intervention survey and 37 nurses completed the post-intervention survey

Data Analysis:

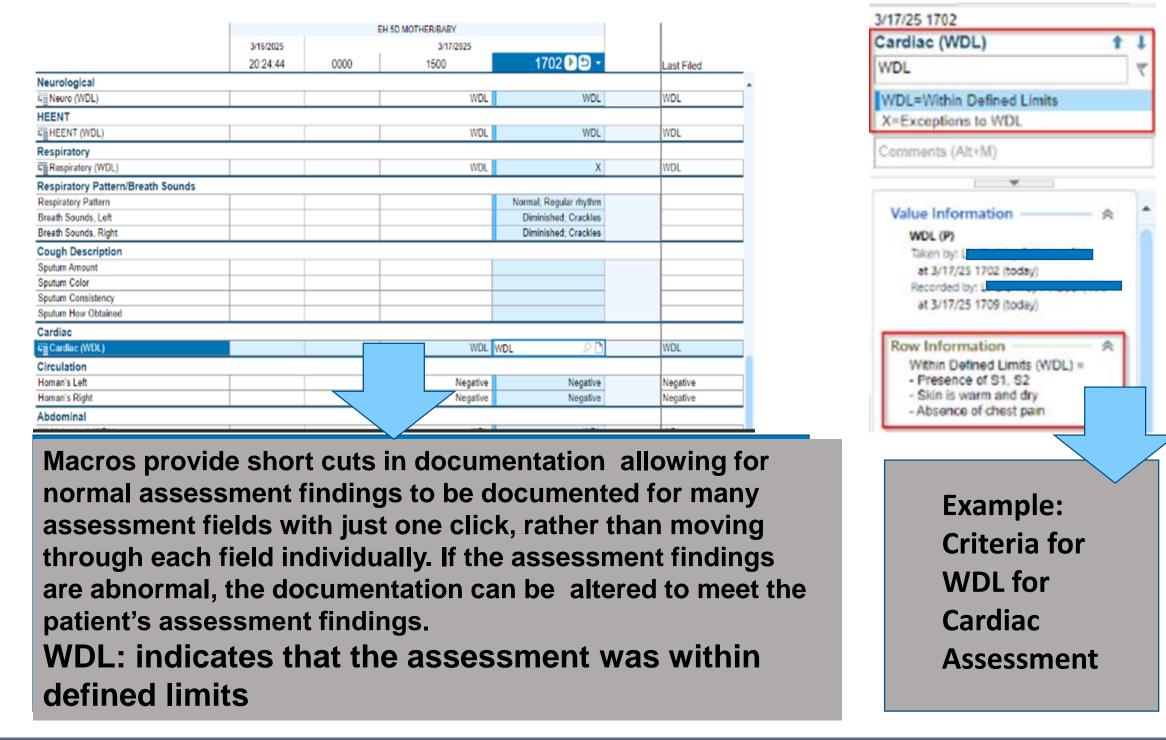
Documentation times and hours worked were compared between the pre and the post-intervention times frames using paired T-test analysis.

Descriptive Statistics were used to analyze responses to the nurses surveys for both the pre and post-intervention timeframes.

Methods



Intervention: January 2024 INTRODUCTION OF MACROS



Results: Paired T-Test Analysis

Documentation Minutes

ľ	nutes	Paired Samples Statistics												
<u></u>				Mean	N	Std. Dev	Std. Deviation		Mean					
		Pair 1 PREDOCMEAN		N 137.34	35 2	3 72.3	33322	15.08252						
	P		POSTDOCME	AN 126.25	94 2	3 70.7	70.72905		74803					
				Paired S	amples Test									
				Paired Differen	ces			Significance						
				95% Confidence Differe										
		Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error Mean	Lower	Upper	t	df	One-Sided p	Two-Sided p				
	PREDOCMEAN - POSTDOCMEAN	11.0840	19.88539	4.14639	2.48497	19.68315	2.673	3 22	.007	.014				

Comparing the mean number of physical assessment flowsheet documentation minutes in the pre intervention time frame to the post intervention timeframe, a statistically significant decrease in mean minutes was found after introduction of the Macro (t= 2.673; p = .014).

Hours Worked: Pre intervention and Post Intervention

				IV	/lean	N	Std. Deviati	on	Std. Erroi	[*] Mean	
Pair 3	PREINTERVENTIONHRS			769.8774		23	176.1228	33	36.72415		
	POSTINTERVE	NTIONE	HRS	758	3.9400	23	180.2497	79	37.58	3468	
	REINTERVENTIONHRS - STINTERVENTIONHRS	10.93739	92.25	5213	19.23590	-28.9554	2 50.83020	.569	22	.2	

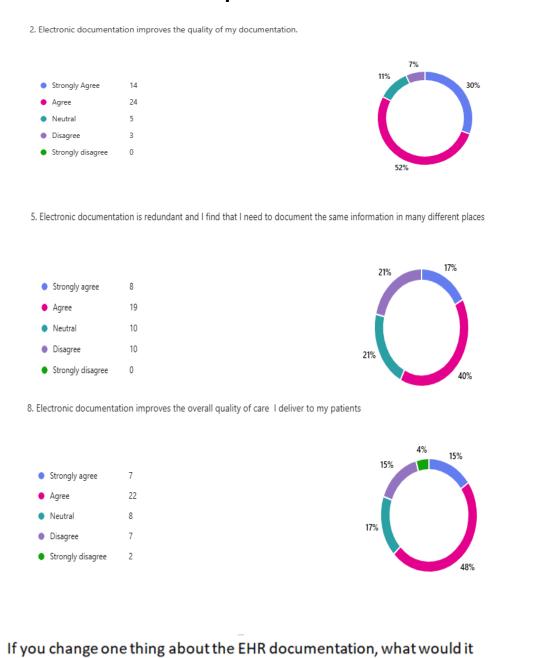
No statistically significant difference was found between the number of hours worked in the pre-intervention timeframe as compared to the

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Survey Results

	N=47	N=37
Age 23-35 36-50 51-65 >65 Prefer not to answer	21(45%) 11 (23%) 9 (19%) 3 (6%) 3 (6%)	15 (40%) 8 (21%) 11 (29%) 0 (0%) 3 (8%)
Years of Nursing Experience <1 1-5 6-10 11-15 16-20 21-25 26 or greater	1 (2%) 13 (27%) 9 (19%) 5 (10%) 4 (8%) 6 (12%) 9 (19%)	1 (2%) 12 (33%) 2 (5%) 2 (5%) 1 (2%) 7 (19%) 11(30%)
Years in Current Specialty <1 1-5 6-10 11-15 16-20 21-25 26 or greater	2 (4%) 21 (44%) 7 (14%) 3 (6%) 3 (6%) 5 (10%) 6 (12%)	2 (5%) 15 (40%) 2 (5%) 1 (2%) 3 (8%) 5 (13%) 9 (24%)
Highest Nursing Degree Diploma Associates Degree BSN MSN DNP PhD	3 (6%) 2 (4%) 36 (78%) 5 (10%) 0 (0%) 0 (0%)	1 (2%) 2 (5%) 30 (83%) 2 (5%) 1 (2%) 0 (0%)
I rate my computer skills: Novice Competent Expert What percentage of time do you spend documenting patient	0 (0%) 18 (38%) 29 (62%)	0 19 (51%) 18 (49%)
care in the EHR in a typical shift: 10% 25% 50% 75% >75%	1 (2%) 14 (29%) 21 (44%) 6 (12%) 5 (10%)	6(16%) 8(22%) 16(43%) 4(11%) 3(8%)

Select Pre-intervention Survey Responses



Select Post-intervention Survey Responses

Post- intervention survey



Conclusions

- The introduction of Macros was perceived positively by the nurses on the Mother Baby Unit
- A statistically significant decrease in documentation time was realized with the introduction of the Macro
- Balancing efficient documentation with quality documentation is always a challenge.
- Continuous review of documentation procedures that include key stakeholders is warranted to ensure timely, efficient quality charting.
- A larger study on the impact of Macros is needed.

References

